

# Bolivar Bulletin.

Information for the People.  
[Original and Selected by Charles M. O'Hara, Druggist,  
Bolivar, Tenn.]

SATURDAY, June 20, 1898.

**Deodorants.**—For many purposes dry clay is not only the cheapest but the best deodorant. I tried nearly every thing in a privy, and only succeeded by using occasionally small quantities of dry clay loam. I took equal quantities of old putrid urine, and mixed severally with clay, sulphate lime, animal charcoal, and wood charcoal. After a few hours the clay mixture alone was void of odor. It destroys or absorbs the foul odors, instead of partially overcoming them by substituting chlorine or coal tar in their place.

The presence of clay has a great influence upon the health of communities. I have known many cases of typhoid fever and dysentery in this vicinity within a few years, nearly every one of which has been on a sandy or alluvial soil. Where the water used has been filtered through a clay soil, there has hardly been a case of these diseases.

There is another advantage in the country in using clay for privies. The removal of the contents is no longer a disgusting operation, while the farmer has a valuable supply of fertilizing material for his grounds. I believe that clay would be an excellent application to foul floors and other discharging sewers.—H. A. Sheldon, in Drug Circular.

Pruning knives of every style at O'Hara's drug store.

To restore faded writing, wash the surface over with a solution of galls.

To never have any faded writing, buy your ink at O'Hara's drug store.

To make old silk new.—To make silk which has been worn and "tumbled" appear exactly like new, sponge it on the surface with a weak solution of gum arabic or white glue, and iron it on the wrong side.

To keep cool.—Visit O'Hara's soda fountain "early and often." Twelve tickets for a dollar.

How to Use a Razor.—The stone should be a fine Turkish stone perfectly clean, and the oil used should be pure sperm or olive oil. The blade of a razor is concave. The wedge like edge extends in its havel but a little way back. In honing a razor the fingers should feel the back as well as the edge of the razor bearing; the back protects the edge. The motion should be circular.

In stropping razors most people fail. They use a too yielding medium which rises suddenly as the edge passes over it and endures what has just been done. A blade should be drawn from heel to point, starting at the heel and drawing it diagonally to the point, and should always be turned on its back, but never turn your back on the fine confectionary at O'Hara's drug store.

Rust in Wheat.

To wheat growers; scarcely any subject can be more interesting than the inquiry into the causes which produce that fatal blight, called rust, in wheat. Nor could any discovery be more useful than that of a certain specific against this blight. A Delaware correspondent of the Rural Gentleman gives his experience as follows:

It has been the experience of agriculturists that very warm, sultry weather, foggy mornings, or frequent light rains, followed by returns of bright sunshine, altogether, while the wheat is in a milky state, produce rust. What are influences of these several conditions of the weather upon the stem or stalk of the wheat, which produce this result? It may be here remarked, that the combined effects of these foggy, warm, sultry weather and frequent rains, are to induce a rapid growth of the plants, and to render it very soft and succulent. In this state the hot suns following immediately upon the fogs, showers and sultry weather, suddenly contract the stem of the wheat, and split it lengthwise into numerous small fissures, all around the stem. Then the sap of the plant exudes through these fissures; the atmosphere oxidizes this sap, giving it a reddish color, and a fatal disease is caused. It is here to be noted, that the sap being thus arrested in its flow through the stem, thrown out upon the surface, and diverted from the head, the grain must fail for want of nourishment.

Some years ago, having several bushels of wheat on hand, I determined to try an experiment by spreading these ashes upon my wheat. Accordingly, when the wheat was beginning to joint, and when there was a slight mist I deposited my laborer to spread with the hand the ashes upon the wheat, at the rate of perhaps eight bushels to the acre. It came on to rain too hard for me to continue this labor and he left off spreading these ashes in the middle of the land. The rust was gone, and a fatal disease was not in the neighborhood, and my wheat where the ashes had not fallen, as well as the wheat in the neighborhood, was so much injured by this disease, as to be hardly worth saving; but I remarked, with surprise and pleasure, that wherever the ashes had fallen upon the wheat, even up to the middle of the land, where the labor was discontinued, my wheat was splendid, the stems being strong, vigorous and of a bright color, and taller by several inches than where the ashes had not been sown beyond the heads were heavy and the grain perfect. Here, then, beyond question, was an experiment perfectly satisfactory—irrefragable, indeed, in its results.

Now, as to the effects of ashes upon wheat, they have, like the "phosphoric" sherry sack, a "three fold operation."

1. The ashes operate as a manure upon the wheat even in the limited quantity of eight bushels per acre.

2. They push the wheat forward several days, and in time to escape the hot, sultry days which often prevail about the time of the "heading out" of the wheat; and

3. They strengthen the stem, giving it substance and solidity.

I may add one or two more properties of the ashes, beyond the "phosphoric" sack; they afford just that kind of abriety, or food, which is best for the development and perfection of the grain, and with, in my opinion, would have restored the remark, that whenever one tries this experiment he will thereafter spread his wheat upon his wheat as above indicated; and, in so doing, he will effectually guard against and prevent "the rust."

Cracks in Stoves.—When a crack is discovered in a stove, through which the fire or smoke penetrates, the aperture may be effectually and readily closed with a composition consisting of wood ashes and common salt, made into a paste with water. Plaster this over the crack.

## Mark Twain on Female Suffrage.

"Mark Twain" writes to his "Cousin Jennie" on the subject of "Female Suffrage," as follows:

There is one insuperable obstacle in the way of female suffrage, Jennie; I approach the subject with fear and trembling, but it must out. A woman would never vote, because she would have to tell her age at the polls. And even if she did dare to vote, you know that dire results would flow from "putting this and that together" in after times. For instance, in an unguarded moment, Miss A. says she voted for Mr. Smith. Her auditor, who knows that it has been seven years since Smith ran for anything, easily ciphers out that she "was" at least seven years of age, instead of the young pullet she has been making herself out to be. No, Jennie, this new fashion of registering the name, age, residence and occupation of every voter is a fatal bar to female suffrage. Women will never be permitted to vote, hold office, Jennie, and it is a lucky thing for her, and for many other men, that such is the decree of fate. Because, you see, there are some few measures they would all unite on, there are one or two measures that would bring out the "dividing line" at once, in spite of their antipathy to making themselves conspicuous; and there being vastly more women than men in this State, they would trot those measures through the Legislature with a velocity that would be appalling. For instance, they would enact:

1. That all men should be at home by ten P. M. without fail.

2. That married men should bestow considerable attention on their own wives.

3. That it should be a hanging offense to sell whisky in saloons, and that the said franchise should follow drinking it in such places.

4. That the smoking of cigars to excess should be forbidden, and the smoking of pipes abolished.

5. That the wife should have a little of her own property when she married a man who didn't any.

Jennie, such tyranny as this we could never stand. Our free souls could never endure such degrading and humiliating laws, go your way! Seek not to beguile us of our imperial privileges. Content yourself with your little feminine trifles—your babies, your benevolent societies, and your knitting. Stand back—you will be wiser to do so, for next. We will let you teach school as much as you want to, and we will pay you half wages for it, too, but beware! We don't want you to crowd us too much.

If I get time, Cousin Jennie, I will furnish you a picture of a female Legislature that will distress you—I know it will, because you cannot disguise from me the fact that you are no more in favor of female suffrage, really, than I am.

MARK TWAIN.

P. S. That his some old man, my wife, is prancing around like a lunatic, up stairs rehearsing a speech in favor of female suffrage, which she is to deliver before a mass meeting of seditionists and radicals in my back yard to-night. (She is a vigorous speaker, but you can smell her eloquence further than you can hear it; it is on account of the gin, I think.) It is a pity those old skeletons have chosen my back-parlor, because I have concluded to touch off a keg of dynamite under their feet to-night, and I am afraid the noise may disturb their deliberations some.

To Freshen Rancid Butter.—Here is a fact worth a year's subscription to a paper. To a pint of water add thirty drops of lime. Wash this in two and a half pounds of rancid butter. When every particle of butter has come in contact with the water, let it stand an hour or two, then wash the butter well again in pure water. The butter is then left without any odor, and has the sweetness of fresh butter. These preparations of lime have nothing injurious in them.—Mo. Vin.

The following is an excellent recipe for a good lemon pie:

1 cupful of boiling water, 1 lb. sugar, 1 tablespoonful of corn starch, 1 lemon. Place between a rich paste.

Ice Cream.—Take 1 quart of milk, and scald it very little; beat the yolk of 4 eggs to froth, and stir in slowly; add half a pound of sugar. Flavor as you like and freeze.

To clean kid gloves—wash them in a mixture of equal quantities of ammonia and alcohol, then rub dry.

## New Advertisements.

### Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.  
This is to give notice that on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1898, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Henry P. Rodgers, of Bolivar, in the county of Hardeman, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at 450 Main Street, Waldron Block, Memphis, Tenn., before the Hon. J. L. Latham, Esq., register, on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. Memphis, Tenn., June 2, 1898.

J. M. TOLSON,  
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Tennessee.

Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

### Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.  
This is to give notice that on the 10th day of June, 1898, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of D. F. Dowdy, of Saulsberry, in the county of Hardeman, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at 450 Main Street, Waldron Block, Memphis, Tenn., before the Hon. J. L. Latham, Esq., register, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. Memphis, Tenn., June 10th 1898.

J. M. TOLSON,  
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Tennessee.

Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

### IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE

United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of T. A. Osborne, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of T. A. Osborne, of Bolivar, in the county of Hardeman, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenn., June 6, 1898.  
Wm. Y. CREED, Assignee, etc.  
450 Main St., Waldron Block

## New Advertisements.

### NOTICE.

Having retired from the Drug business, and assumed my practice, I respectfully recommend my successor, Mr. CHAS. M. O'HARA, to the favorable notice of my old patients, and hope they will extend to him the patronage so liberally bestowed upon me, and can assure them that the Drugs in his store are of the very best quality, and will be sold as low as good, price Drugs can be had. T. E. MOORE M. D.

### CHARLES M. O'HARA

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes,

GLASS, DYE STUFFS, FANCY

GOODS.

Fine Confectionery.

STATIONERY,

Musical Instruments, Picture Frames, Precious Jewelry, Soap, Brushes, Combs, Mirror, and Brass Pipes, Fine

Cutlery, and Fine Wines and

Liquors for Medical

Purposes.

BOLIVAR, TENN.

Having bought the Drug Store from Dr. T. E. MOORE, and increased the stock, and entirely refitted the house, I am offering superior inducements to purchasers. My stock is the largest and finest in Hardeman county. I will not sell you any drug or medicine, but will give you on what you want, and you will be sure to get the best. My prices are guaranteed, and you will find it to your advantage to call on me. I am at the corner of Main and Second Streets, Bolivar, Tenn.

AGUE CURES.

PILLS.

COUGH MEDICINES.

SUNDRIES.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE Insurance Company.

On the First Day of January, '98,

MADE TO THE

Comptroller of the State of Tennessee.

In compliance with the laws of that State relating to agents of Insurance Companies of other States the names of this Company in the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, are as follows:

Assets.

Liabilities.

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## Memphis Advertisements.

### To My Old Friends

West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas.

—IN—

Blank Books,

PLAIN PAPERS,

Stationery, Books and Music

PRINTERS

AND BINDERS

CHANDLER & CO.,

DRUGGISTS, CHEMISTS,

Medicines, Paraffin,

Paints, Oils, Soap, Brushes, Combs, and

Household Goods, Fancy Articles, Toilet Soap, and

Stationery and Printing.

No. 214 Main Street,

Next Door to Old Federal Hall, MEMPHIS, TENN.

JOHN TAYLOR,

FORMERLY WITH PETER MILLER & CO.

JAMES R. MILLER,

FORMERLY OF JACKSON, TENN.

WALKER BROS. & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES,

AND

PLANTATION SUPPLIES.

No. 229 Main Street,

CLAY BUILDING, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Large Fall & Winter

Stock now Arriving.

WALKER BROS. & CO.

J. D. Clement & Co.,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES.

Plantation Supplies,

AND

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

No. 32 Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Consignments Respectfully Solicited.

C. F. Chamberlin & Co.,

STATIONERS,

Book and Job Printers,

AND

Blank Book Manufacturers,

197 Main Street,

Memphis, Tennessee.

ALLISON BROTHERS

Importers and Wholesale

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

Guns and Cutlery,

AGENTS FOR

TENNESSEE IRON,

No. 270 FRONT STREET,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE IN MEMPHIS

No. 42 Madison Street,

DeSoto Block.

McMAHON & OTIS,

General Agents, Memphis, Tenn

For West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas, to whom all applications for Insurance or

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